. Notice of Allowability	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/722,385	POLETTI, MARK	POLETTI, MARK	
	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Xu Mei	2644		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RI of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313	(OR REMAINS) CLOSED or other appropriate comr GHTS. This application is	in this application. If not includ munication will be mailed in due	ed course. THIS	
1. \boxtimes This communication is responsive to <u>amendment dated 9/2</u>	<u>21/2004</u> .			
2. The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>4-7</u> .				
3. \boxtimes The drawings filed on <u>25 November 2003</u> are accepted by	the Examiner.			
 4. ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority una) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of the: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * Certified copies not received: 	been received. been received in Applicat	tion No	ition from the	
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" on noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONM THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.	of this communication to fi ENT of this application.	ile a reply complying with the re	quirements	
5. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submit INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which give	itted. Note the attached Exes reason(s) why the oath	XAMINER'S AMENDMENT or Nor declaration is deficient.	OTICE OF	
 CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") mus (a) including changes required by the Notice of Draftspers 1) hereto or 2) to Paper No./Mail Date (b) including changes required by the attached Examiner's Paper No./Mail Date Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1. each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the 	on's Patent Drawing Revies Amendment / Comment of the second of the sec	or in the Office action of	· back) of	
 DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the depose attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT I 	sit of BIOLOGICAL MAT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF B	FERIAL must be submitted. I IOLOGICAL MATERIAL.	Note the	
 Attachment(s) 1. ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2. ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3. ☐ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/04 Paper No./Mail Date	6. ☐ Interview : Paper No 8), 7. ⊠ Examiner'	Informal Patent Application (PTC Summary (PTO-413), o./Mail Date s Amendment/Comment s Statement of Reasons for Allow Mei Primary Examiner Art Unit: 2644	ŕ	

- 1. An Examiner's Amendment to the record appears below.

 Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 C.F.R.

 § 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the Issue Fee.
- 2. Authorization for this Examiner's Amendment was given in a telephone interview with Mr. Clifford Browning (Reg. No. 32201) on 08/02/05.
- 3. In the Specification:

Please providing the following changes to the specification without underlining and bracketing:

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At column 5, line 61 (equation 16), please delete $\label{eq:vp} \text{``V}_+(\mathbf{z}) = U(\mathbf{z}) - GD(\mathbf{z}) \, V_+(\mathbf{z}) \, \text{''} \ \text{and insert in lieu thereof -- } V_+(\mathbf{z}) = U(\mathbf{z}) - \mu GD(\mathbf{z}) \, V_+(\mathbf{z}) \, -- \, .$



At column 5, line 65 (equation 17), please delete $"D(z) = diag[z^{-L1}, z^{-L1} \dots z^{-LN}" \text{ and insert in lieu thereof } --D(z) = diag[z^{-L1}, z^{-L2}, \dots z^{-LN} -- .$



At column 6, line 52 (equation 26), please delete "=QA \cdot AQ $^{+}$ " and insert in lieu thereof -- =QA * AQ $^{+}$ --.

Application/Control Number: 10/722,385

Art Unit: 2644

4. In the Claims:

The following amendment is to correct the minor typographical errors on dependent claims 5-6:



Claims 5-6, line 2, "claim 1" has been replaced with -Claim 4--; since claims 5-6 should be depending on
independent claim 4 instead of canceled claim 1.

- 5. Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the Issue Fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the Issue Fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Xu Mei whose telephone number is 571-272-7523. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on 571-272-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/722,385

Art Unit: 2644

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Xu Mei

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2644

08/03/2005

where the time dependence cancels. Thus the output power is equal to N for constant sinusoidal excitation and is independent of the input phases. The power gain is thus unity at all frequencies. Hence: A linear multichannel system may be termed unitary if its transfer function matrix is unitary at all frequencies. A unitary system has a constant norm and unit power gain for all frequencies.

A unitary system is ideal for use in the VRA system since it has the same power gain at all frequencies and thus will not increase the colouration. It may also be inserted into an MCR system without altering the loop gain. The power gain of the VRA system with a unitary reverberator is given by

$$P_{VZA landary} = \frac{1}{1 - \alpha r_{ZA} N} \tag{11}$$

which equals P_{MCR} for $\alpha_{VRA}=\alpha_{MCR}$.

Most digital reverberators are based on the comb filter. shown in FIG. 2 [8-10]. This circuit produces an impulse 20 response that is an exponentially decaying sequence of delta functions occuring at multiples of the delay time r=L/f, where f, is the sample rate. The output may be taken from the summer, the delay or the multiplier outputs. The transfer function for the comb filter with output taken from the delay 25 output is

$$X(z) = \frac{z^{-L}}{1 + u z^{-L}} \tag{12}$$

The single channel comb filter can be made to have a constant magnitude verses frequency response (termed an allpass response) by incorporating a feedforward section into the circuit. An efficient one multiplier form of the allpass form is shown in FIG. 3 [8,9]. The transfer function is given by

$$X(z) = \frac{\mu + z^{-L}}{1 + \mu z^{-L}} \tag{13}$$

The magnitude squared at z=exp(jθ) is

$$U(e^B)P = \frac{1 + \mu^2 + 2\cos(LB)}{1 + \mu^2 + 2\cos(LB)}$$
 (14)

which is unity, as required.

Early forms of reverberator were constructed using a number of comb filters in parallel, with the summed outputs being fed into a number of allpass sections to increase the echo density [8]. A more recent structure for multichannel reverberators is as shown in FIG. 4 [9.10]. This structure is an extension of the single channel comb filter which achieves a high echo density by the cross coupling of a number of single channel comb filters, via the cross coupling matrix G. Subsequent allpass sections are not required. The response of the vector comb filter may be determined by assuming that the input is a vector of discrete signals u(n) with a vector spectrum

$$U(z)=[U_1(z),U_2(z),\ldots,U_n(z)]^T$$
 (15)

V(2)-U(2)-U(2)-U(2)-U(2)-U(2)

Solving for V+(z) allows the output vector spectrum V(z)to be found;

 $V(z)=D(Z)(I+\mu QD(z))^{-1}U(z)$

(18)

It can be shown [9, 10] that if the gain matrix G is orthonormal, ie $G^TG=I$, then the system is stable for $\mu<1$. The poles of the system are distributed in the z plane around a circle with radius less than unity.

The multichannel reverberator circuit can be made to have allpass properties if a feedforward section is incorporated into the circuit, as in the one dimensional case. An efficient form with a single vector gain element (µ) and single cross coupling matrix G. is shown in FIG. 5. The output vector spectrum is given by

$$V(z)=[\mu I+GD(z)][I+\mu GD(z)]^{-1}U(z)$$
 (19)

The order of the gain and delay matrices may be reversed without altering the allpass properties of the circuit. It may be verified that the transfer function matrix in equation 19 is unitary at all frequencies as follows:

At any given frequency w, the matrix transfer function has

$$X=[\mu I+GD][I+\mu GD]^{-1}$$
 (20)

where $D=diag(exp(j\phi_1).exp(j\phi_2), \dots, exp(j\phi_N))$. Now, the product GD is a unitary matrix since

$$(GD)^{\dagger}(GD)=D^{\dagger}G^{\dagger}GD=I \qquad (21)$$

The eigenvalues decomposition of GD is thus

30 where Q is a unitary matrix and A is a diagonal matrix of eigenvalues. Since GD is unitary the eigenvalues have unit magnitude, ic

$$A=\operatorname{diag}[\sigma^{loc}_{1},\sigma^{loc}_{2},\ldots,\sigma^{loc}_{n}] \tag{23}$$

35 X may now be written

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$$X = [\mu l + Q \Lambda Q^{\dagger}] [l + \mu Q \Lambda Q^{\dagger}]^{-1}$$
 (24)

 $[Q(\mu + \Lambda)Q^{\dagger}][Q(l + \mu \Lambda)Q^{\dagger}]^{-1}$

 $Q(\mu l + \Lambda)Q^{\dagger}Q(l + \mu \Lambda)^{-1}Q^{\dagger}$

 $Q(\mu l + \Lambda) (l + \mu \Lambda)^{-1}Q^{\dagger}$

= QAQ*

where A has the diagonal allpass form

$$A = {\rm diag} \left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{\mu + \phi^{\rm log}}{1 + \mu \phi^{\rm log}} \end{array}, \frac{\mu + \phi^{\rm log}}{1 + \mu \phi^{\rm log}} \end{array}, \dots \frac{\mu + \phi^{\rm log}}{1 + \mu \phi^{\rm log}} \right]. \tag{25}$$

We can now write

$$\frac{x \cdot x}{-Q \cdot A \cdot Q \cdot Q} = Q \cdot A \cdot A \cdot Q^{+}$$

A3

55 Hence the transfer function matrix X is unitary at all frequencies. The unitary system is formed from a set of N independent single dimensional allpass filters with a precoupling matrix $Q^{\dagger}(\omega)$ and a post coupling matrix $Q(\omega)$.

The foregoing describes the invention including preferred The vector spectrum at the output of the adders is given by 60 forms thereof. Alterations and modifications as will be obvious to those skilled in the art are intended to be incorporated in the scope hereof.

References

1) P. H. Parkin and K. Morgan, "Assisted Resonance in the Royal Festival Hall," J. Acoust. Soc. Amer., vol. 48, pp 1025-1035, 1970